## **Biology Model Question Paper - 6**

Question 1 : The sugar present in milk is
(A) Sucrose
(B) Fructose
(C) Lactose
(D) Glucose
Answer: (C)
Question 2: The space between the plasma membrane and the cell wall of a plasmolyzed cell
surrounded by a hypertonic solution is occupied by the
(A) hypotonic solution
(B) isotonic solution (C) hypertonic solution
(D) water
(D) water
Answer: (C)
Question 3: The single horned Rhinoceros is protected at
(A) Kaziranga National Park
(B) Kahna National Park
(C) Rajiv Gandhi National Park
(D) Anashi National Park
Answer: (A)
Question 4: The number of ATP produced when a molecule of glucose undergoes fermentation is
(A) 4
(B) 36
(C) 2
(D) 38
Answer: (C)
Question 5: The offspring produced from a marriage have only O or A blood groups. Of the genotypes
given below, the possible genotypes of the parents would be
(A) I <sup>O</sup> I <sup>O</sup> and I <sup>O</sup> I <sup>O</sup>
(B) I <sup>A</sup> I <sup>A</sup> and I <sup>O</sup> I <sup>O</sup>
(C) I <sup>A</sup> I <sup>O</sup> and I <sup>O</sup> I <sup>O</sup>
(D) I <sup>A</sup> I <sup>A</sup> and I <sup>A</sup> I <sup>O</sup>
Angwer: (C)
Answer: (C)

Question 6: The part of the brain where the centre for hunger and thirst is located is  (A) Cerebrum  (B) Hypothalamus  (C) Cerebellum  (D) Medulla Oblongata
Answer: (B)
Question 7: The species, though insignificant in number, determine the existence of many other species in a given ecosystem. Such species is known as  (A) Keystone species  (B) Sacred species  (C) Endemic species  (D) Extinct species
Answer: (A)
Question 8: The scientific name of the moth which produce tasar is  (A) Bombyx mori  (B) Antheraea mylitta  (C) Antheraea assamensis  (D) Philosomia ricini  Answer: (B)
Question 9: The rosette habit of cabbage can be changed by application of (A) IAA (B) GA (C) ABA (D) Ethephon Answer: (B)
Question 10: The respiratory quotient during cellular respiration would depend on  (A) the nature of the substrate (B) the amount of carbon dioxide released (C) the amount of oxygen utilised (D) the nature of enzymes involved

Answer: (A)

Question 11: The reflex arc, which is made of two neurones is known as  (A) Monosynaptic reflex arc  (B) Disynaptic reflex arc  (C) Polysynaptic reflex arc  (D) Asynaptic reflex arc
Answer: (A)
Question 12: The presence of corollary corona, sagittate anthers and dumb-bell shaped stigma are the characteristic features of  (A) Hibiscus rosa-sinensis  (B) Musa paradisiaca  (C) Ravenala madagascariensis  (D) Catharanthus roseus
Answer: (D)
Question 13: The name of the pacemaker of the heart is  (A) Lymph node (B) S.A. node (C) Juxtaglomerular apparatus (D) Semilunar valve  Answer: (B)
Question 14: The name of Smt. Thimmakka is associated with the  (A) planting and conservation of avenue trees  (B) agitations against hydroelectric project  (C) 'Appiko' movement  (D) conservation of fauna and flora of the western ghats
Answer: (A)
Question 15: The main difference between Gram positive and Gram negative bacteria is  (A) Cell membrane  (B) Cell wall  (C) Ribosome  (D) Mitochondria
Answer: (A)